WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶:

B65D 55/02

A1

(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/10249

(43) International Publication Date: 4 March 1999 (04.03.99)

IT

(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP98/05386

(22) International Filing Date: 25 August 1998 (25.08.98)

26 August 1997 (26.08.97)

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): RISDON AMS S.R.L. [IT/IT]; Via A. Frank, 1-3, I-22076 Mozzate (IT).

(72) Inventor; and

(30) Priority Data:

MI97A001966

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): MARTINA, Attilio [IT/IT]; Via Zoagli, 5, I-20157 Milano (IT).

(74) Agent: MODIANO, Guido; Modiano & Associati, Via Meravigli, 16, I–20123 Milan (IT).

(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

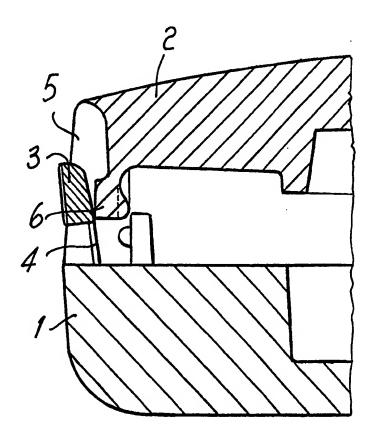
With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: TAMPER-EVIDENT SEAL FOR COMPACT CONTAINERS FOR COSMETIC PRODUCTS AND THE LIKE

(57) Abstract

A tamper-evident seal for compact containers for cosmetic products and the like comprising a strip element (3) which is formed monolithically with one element chosen between the lid (2) and the base (1) of a container in which the base and the lid are mutually hinged, the strip element (3) having a plurality of tabs (4) which are rigidly coupled to the lid (2) or to the base (1) of the container and being arranged at the closure line between the lid and the base.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JР	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Bstonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

WO 99/10249 PCT/EP98/05386

TAMPER-EVIDENT SEAL FOR COMPACT CONTAINERS FOR COSMETIC PRODUCTS AND THE LIKE

Technical field

The present invention relates to a tamper-evident seal for containers for cosmetic products and the like.

More particularly, the invention relates to a seal which is meant to be applied to so-called compact-type containers.

Background art

It is known that cosmetic products, such as for example powder, blusher, cream makeup base, eyeshadow and the like, are marketed in containers known as compacts, which are constituted by a base element suitable to contain the product and any accessories for applying it and by a lid element which is hinged to the base element.

Said containers are often arranged in displays in direct contact with the public, where the customer helps himself/herself and can choose the product that he/she wants.

A drawback suffered by this type of container and strictly correlated to the type of sale to the public relates to the fact that the container can be opened by the customer, who can thus make contact with the product while said container is still on display, thus deteriorating the product or in any case damaging it.

In order to ensure that the containers cannot be opened before purchase by the client, several solutions have been devised to ensure the protection of the product which are in any case adapted to permanently and evidently indicate that the container has been tampered, in order to

20

25

ensure that the consumer can buy confidently.

Said protection is currently ensured by additional elements which are provided for association with the container. For example, blisters, labels placed at the joining line between the base and the lid of the container, thin plastic films which partially or fully wrap around the container, and the like are normally used.

The use of these additional elements obviously entails a production cost and a cost for packaging in association with the container and therefore entails longer production cycles.

Moreover, the use of additional elements makes the container less attractive aesthetically, and this is a considerable drawback considering the financial and human resources that container manufacturers invest to provide products whose design has a strong impact on the consumer.

Disclosure of the Invention

The aim of the present invention is to provide a tamper-evident seal for containers of cosmetic products and the like which is obtained without having to resort to additional elements besides the base and the lid of the container.

Within the scope of this aim, an object of the present invention is to provide a tamper-evident seal for containers of cosmetic products and the like which allows to permanently indicate that the container has been opened.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a tamper-evident seal for containers of cosmetic products and the like in which the seal can be eliminated by tearing it off before it is possible to open the container. Another object of the present invention is to provide a seal which is highly reliable, relatively easy to manufacture and at low costs.

This aim, these objects and others which will become apparent hereinafter are achieved by a tamper-evident seal for compact containers for cosmetic products and the like, characterized in that it comprises a strip element which is formed monolithically with one element chosen between the lid and the base of a container in which the base and the lid are mutually hinged, said strip element having a plurality of tabs which are rigidly coupled to said chosen element of the container and being arranged at the closure line between said lid and said base.

This aim, these objects and others are achieved by a compact container for cosmetic products and the like, provided with a tamper-evident seal comprising a base which is meant to contain a product and a lid which is hinged to said base, characterized in that it further comprises a strip element which is formed rigidly with said one element chosen between the lid and the base of said container, said strip element having a plurality of tabs which are monolithic with said one element chosen between the lid and the base of the container and being arranged at the closure line between said lid and said base.

Brief Description of the Drawings

25 Further characteristics and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of preferred but not exclusive embodiments of the device according to the invention, illustrated only by way of non-limitative example in the accompanying drawings,

wherein:

Figure 1 is a partial sectional side elevation view of a compact-type container provided with the seal according to a first embodiment of the present invention, with the container shown in an open position;

Figure 2 is a partial sectional side elevation view of the container of Figure 1 in the closed position, with the seal according to the invention;

Figure 3 is a front elevation view of the container of 10 Figure 1 with the seal according to the invention;

Figure 4 is a partial sectional side elevation view of the compact-type container with a seal according to a second embodiment of the present invention, shown with the seal in the various positions that said seal assumes during 15 tearing to open the container;

Figure 5 is a sectional side elevation view of the compact container of Figure 4, with the seal shown in the closure position;

Figure 6 is a plan view of the container of Figure 4, 20 with the seal according to the second embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 7 is a side elevation view of a compact container provided with a closure seal according to a third embodiment of the present invention;

25 Figure 8 is a detail view of the seal according to the third embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 9 is a plan view of the compact container provided with the seal according to the third embodiment.

Ways of carrying out the Invention

In the figures, identical reference numerals designate

identical elements. The seal and other parts shown in their different embodiments have been designated for the sake of convenience with incremental numbers which increase by hundreds for the first, second and third embodiments.

With reference to Figures 1 to 3, the seal according to the first embodiment of the present invention is associated with a compact-type container which comprises a base 1 with which a lid 2, hinged to the base, is associated.

The base 1 is meant to contain the cosmetic product or the like and the lid can have for example a mirror on its inner side.

The seal according to the invention, designated by the reference numeral 3, is constituted by a strip element made of plastics (such as polypropylene, ABS, etcetera) provided with tabs 4 which are appropriately spaced and are molded monolithically with the base 1 of the container.

Accordingly, the seal 3 is thus monolithic with the base of the container. The spacing of the tabs 4 is chosen appropriately to ensure on the one hand that the container closes adequately and on the other hand that the opening of the container by tearing off the seal 3 is in any case an easy operation which does not require excessive force.

Figure 1 shows that the lid 2 of the container has a groove 5 in which the seal 3 is accommodated for closure; said seal is shaped complementarily to said groove 5.

The groove, as shown in Figure 3, is formed on the edge of the lid 2, at the opening/closure region thereof.

The closure of the lid 2 onto the base 1 occurs by virtue of the flexibility of the tabs 4, which allow the

15

seal 3 to flex outward and allow the lid to mate with the base. This flexibility, however, does not allow reopening, because once the seal 3 has been seated in the groove 5 there are no longer any points to grip in order to flex said seal outward; in any case this would be impossible owing to the engagement of a tooth 6, formed on the edge of the lid, with the seal 3.

The second embodiment of the seal according to the invention is illustrated with reference now to Figures 4 to 6. In this case, the seal is designated by the reference numeral 103 and its tabs are designated by the reference numeral 104.

In this case, the seal 103 is molded monolithically with the lid 2 of the container instead of with the base 1, and the groove 5, which was formed on the edge of the lid 2 in the first embodiment, is now instead formed on the edge of the base 1 and is designated by the reference numeral 105.

In this case also, the seal 103 is shaped 20 complementarily to the groove 105.

The engagement tooth is now designated by the reference numeral 106 and is formed monolithically with the base 1 (again by molding) instead of with the lid 2.

The operation of this second embodiment is similar to the one earlier described.

The third embodiment of the seal according to the invention is now described with reference to Figures 7 to 9.

In this case, the seal, designated by the reference numeral 203, is arranged at the hinge 10 that connects the

lid 2 to the base 1, i.e., in the opposite position with respect to the one in which the seal is arranged in the first two embodiments.

The seal 203 is constituted, in this third embodiment,

by an element which is again made of plastics and is molded monolithically with the base 1 or with the lid 2 of said container and is shaped substantially like a strip, with engagement tabs designated by the reference numerals 204.

Said tabs 204 are molded monolithically with the base or lid of the container and in this case also the seal must be removed by tearing.

The seal 203 acts, in this case, by preventing any opening of the container, except possibly for a partial one. The seal 203 is accordingly arranged so as to hinder the opening of the container, so that the lid 2 cannot rotate beyond a certain angle due to the fact that it makes contact with the seal, which is arranged so that the tabs 204 are perpendicular to the plastic strip or tab that constitutes the body of the seal.

The minimal opening allowed to the container, however, is not sufficient to allow to tamper with the product contained therein, and accordingly this third embodiment also achieves the intended aim and objects of the invention.

25 The container with the seal thus obtained is provided in two separate parts, in order to fill the base with the product; the hinge for closing the container with the seal is then inserted.

In practice it has been observed that the seal 30 according to the invention fully achieves the intended aim,

since it can be manufactured monolithically with either the base or the lid of the compact container, avoiding the need to resort to an additional element as is usually done in order to protect the container and in any case provide clear evidence of tampering therewith.

The provision of the seal monolithically with the container and therefore in a single production cycle allows to minimize costs in addition to providing a container whose aesthetic effect is not spoiled by labels, transparent films or the like.

The seal thus conceived is susceptible of numerous modifications and variations, all of which are within the scope of the inventive concept.

Thus, for example, the shape of the strip element and therefore of the groove formed in the edge of the lid or in the edge of the base can be different from what has been shown in the figures.

Likewise, the container may have a different plan shape than shown in figures 6 and 9.

As regards instead the container and the seal, the preferable material for its production is plastics, in view of its strength and flexibility properties, required to produce closure of the lid onto the base. However, other materials might also be used so long as they are compatible with the product that must be placed inside the container.

Finally, all the details may be replaced with other technically equivalent elements.

In practice, the materials employed, so long as they are compatible with the specific use, as well as the dimensions, may therefore be any according to requirements

and to the state of the art.

The disclosures in Italian Patent Application No. MI97A001966 from which this application claims priority are incorporated herein by reference.

CLAIMS

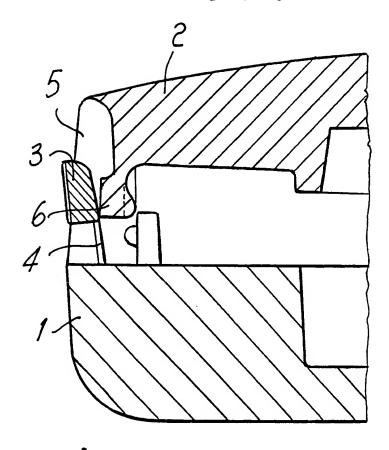
- 1 1. A tamper-evident seal for compact containers for cosmetic products and the like, characterized in that it comprises a strip element (3,103,203) which is formed 4 monolithically with one element chosen between the lid (2) 5 and the base (1) of a container in which the base (1) and 6 the lid (2) are mutually hinged, said strip (3) element 7 having a plurality of tabs (4,104,204) which are rigidly 8 coupled to said chosen element of the container and being 9 arranged at the closure line between said lid (2) and said 10 base (1).
- 2. A seal according to claim 1, characterized in that said tabs (4) are formed monolithically with said base (1) of the container.
- 3. A seal according to claim 1, characterized in that said tabs (104) are formed monolithically with said lid (2) of the container.
- 4. A seal according to claim 2, characterized in that 2 said seal (3) is arranged at the opening region of said 3 container lying furthest from the region for the mutual 4 hinging of said lid (2) and said base (1).
- 5. A seal according to claim 4, characterized in that 2 said lid (2) has a groove (5) which is adapted to 3 accommodate said seal (3), said seal having a profile which 4 is complementary to said groove (5).
- 6. A seal according to claim 5, characterized in that the edge of said lid (2) is provided, at the opening region, with at least one engagement tooth (6) for engaging said seal (3) during the closure of said lid (2) on said

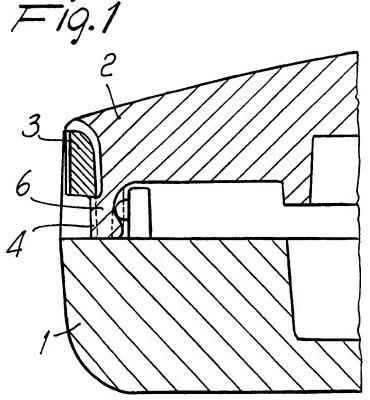
- 5 base (1).
- 7. A seal according to claim 3, characterized in that
- 2 said base (1) has, at its edge, in the opening region, a
- 3 groove (105) for accommodating said seal (103), said seal
- 4 (103) having a profile which is shaped complementarily to
- 5 said groove (105).
- 8. A seal according to claim 7, characterized in that
- 2 the edge of said base (1) has, at said opening region, at
- 3 least one tooth (106) for engaging said seal (103) during
- 4 the closure of said lid (2) onto said base (1).
- 9. A seal according to one or more of claims 1 to 3,
- 2 characterized in that said seal (203) is arranged at the
- 3 hinging region of said container, lying opposite the
- 4 opening region.
- 1 10. A seal according to claim 9, characterized in that
- 2 said strip element (203) is parallel to the edge of said
- 3 lid (2), said tabs (204) being substantially perpendicular
- 4 to said strip element (203), said strip element hindering
- 5 the opening rotation of said lid (2).
- 1 11. A seal according to one or more of the preceding
- 2 claims, characterized in that said strip element
- 3 (3,103,203) and said tabs (4,104,204), which are monolithic
- 4 therewith, are made of plastics.
- 1 12. A compact container for cosmetic products and the
- like, provided with a tamper-evident seal, comprising a
- 3 base (1) which is meant to contain a product and a lid (2)
- 4 which is hinged to said base (1), characterized in that it
- 5 further comprises a strip element (3,103,203) which is
- 6 formed monolithically with one element chosen between the
- 7 lid (2) and the base (1) of said container, said strip

- 8 element having a plurality of tabs (4,104,204) which are
- 9 rigidly coupled to said chosen element of the container and
- 10 being arranged at the closure line between said lid (2) and
- 11 said base (1).
- 1 13. A container according to claim 12, characterized
- 2 in that said tabs (4) are formed monolithically with said
- 3 base (1) of the container.
- 1 14. A container according to claim 12, characterized
- 2 in that said tabs (104) are formed monolithically with said
- 3 lid (2) of the container.
- 1 15. A container according to claim 12, characterized
- 2 in that said seal (3) is arranged at the opening region of
- 3 said container, which lies opposite the region for the
- 4 mutual hinging of said lid (2) and said base (1).
- 1 16. A container according to claim 15, characterized
- 2 in that said lid (2) has a groove (5) which is adapted to
- 3 accommodate said seal (3), said seal having a profile which
- 4 is shaped complementarily to said groove (5).
- 1 17. A container according to claim 16, characterized
- 2 in that the edge of said lid (2) has, at the opening
- 3 region, at least one engagement tooth (6) for engaging said
- 4 seal (3) during the closure of said lid (2) onto said base
- 5 (1).
- 1 18. A container according to claim 14, characterized
- 2 in that said base (1) has, at its edge, in the opening
- 3 region, a groove (105) for accommodating said seal (103),
- 4 said seal having a profile which is shaped complementarily
- 5 to said groove (105).
- 1 19. A container according to claim 18, characterized
- 2 in that the edge of said base (1) has, at said opening

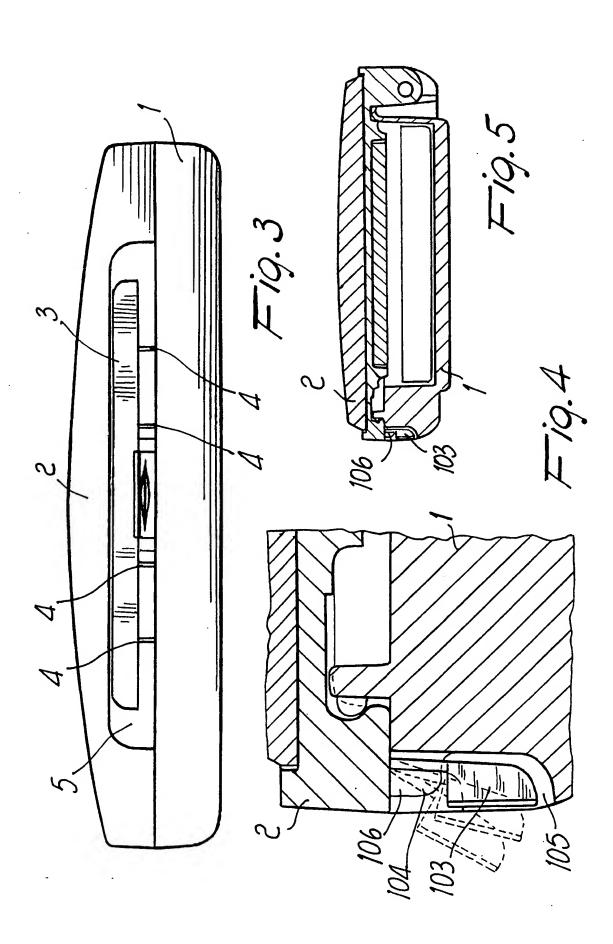
- 3 region, at least one tooth (106) for engaging said seal
- 4 (103) during the closure of said lid (2) onto said base
- 5 (1).
- 20. A container according to one or more of claims 12
- 2 to 15, characterized in that said seal (203) is arranged at
- 3 the hinging region of said container, lying opposite the
- 4 opening region.
- 1 21. A container according to claim 20, characterized
- 2 in that said strip element (203) is parallel to the edge of
- 3 said lid (2), said tabs (204) being substantially
- 4 perpendicular to said strip element (203), said strip
- 5 element hindering the opening rotation of said lid (2).
- 1 22. A container according to one or more of the
- 2 preceding claims, characterized in that said container,
- 3 said strip element (3,103,203) and said tabs (4,104,203)
- 4 monolithic therewith are made of plastics.

1 / 3

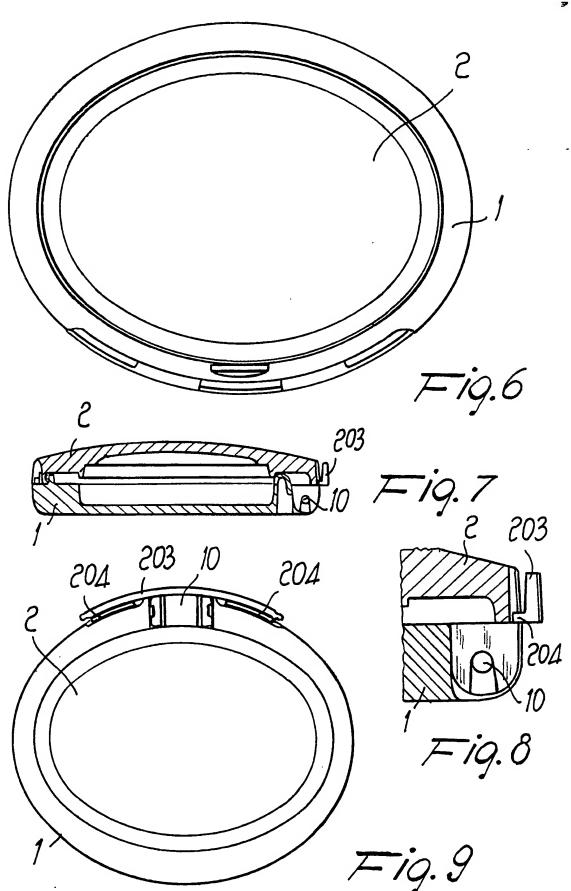




F19.2



3 / 3



- .:

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte onal Application No PCT/EP 98/05386

A. CLASSI IPC 6	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER B65D55/02		¥
A coording to	International Colored Classification (ISC) as to both potional description	No and IDA	
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification	ation and IPC	
Minimum do	SEARCHED cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification	on symbols)	
IPC 6	B65D A45D		
Documental	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that s	such documents are included. In the fields se	earched
Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data ba	se and, where practical, search terms used)
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rela	evant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	GB 2 151 216 A (DUMA) 17 July 198	35	1,2,4, 11-13, 15,22
A	see page 1, line 84 - page 2, lir figures 1-4	ne 6;	6,17,19
X	CH 683 417 A (CREATECHNIC) 15 Mar	rch 1994	1,3,11, 12,14, 15,22
Α	see column 2, line 59 - column 4, figures 1-7	, line 12;	8,17,19
X	GB 2 081 228 A (JOHNSEN & JORGENS 17 February 1982 see page 1, line 75 - line 128; 1	•	1,12
		-/	
X Furti	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	in annex.
° Special ca	ategories of cited documents :		
*A" docume consid	ent defining the general state of the art which is not lered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the inte or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the invention	the application but
filing of "L" docume	ant which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or	"X" document of particular relevance; the c cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the do	be considered to
citation "O" docume	is cited to establish the publication date of another n or other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means	"Y" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an indocument is combined with one or manerite, such combination being obvious	ventive step when the ore other such docu-
"P" docume	ent published prior to the international filling date but han the priority date claimed	in the art. "&" document member of the same patent	·
	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sec	arch report
	6 December 1998	30/12/1998	
Name and r	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk	Authorized officer	
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Newell, P	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte Ional Application No
PCT/EP 98/05386

0.10		PCT/EP 98/05386			
C.(Continua Category °	Citation of decuments with indication when appeared to the relevant	7			
Calegory *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
A	GB 2 065 606 A (TUBOPLAST-FRANCE) 1 July 1981 see the whole document	1,5,7, 12,16,18			
A	DE 43 13 225 A (INNOCOS INNOVATIVE VERPACKUNGEN) 27 October 1994 see column 5, line 34 - line 48; figures 1,2,7,12,13	9,10,20, 21			
-					

1

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

nformation on patent family members

Inte onal Application No
PCT/EP 98/05386

			1	•	
Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
GB 2151216	Ä	17-07-1985	SE 44442 DE 344215 FR 255669 SE 830690	2 A 3 A	14-04-1986 27-06-1985 21-06-1985 15-06-1985
CH 683417	A	15-03-1994	AU 188779 WO 930027 DE 5920010 DK 53732 EP 053732 ES 205055 US 539293	1 A 6 D 4 T 4 A 7 T	25-01-1993 07-01-1993 11-05-1994 09-05-1994 21-04-1993 16-05-1994 28-02-1995
GB 2081228	Α	17-02-1982	NONE		
GB 2065606	Α	01-07-1981	FR 247251 DE 803412		03-07-1981 16-04-1981
DE 4313225	A	27-10-1994	NONE		